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Macromoths (Lepidoptera: Heterocera) in Jeli, Kelantan : A Preliminary Checklist

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Abstract

Keywords: Heterocera, macromoths, checklist

⊠*Corresponding author: Kamarul Ariffin Bin Kambali @ Hambali, Faculty of Earth Science, Universiti Malaysia Kelantan, Jeli Campus, 17600, Jeli, Kelantan, Malaysia. Email: kamarul@umk.edu.my An initial checklist of moths of Jeli, Kelantan is presented. A total of 673 individuals of macromoths (Heterocera) comprising of 161 species belonging to 12 families were recorded from light traps samples. Among the 12 families encountered, two major families of macromoths namely Noctuidae and Geometridae represented the most diverse families with 28 and 44 species respectively. Overall, the four least diverse families were Limacodidae, Europtidae, Uraniidae and Saturniidae with 2,3,3 and 5 species encountered.

1. Introduction

Studies on moth diversity in different habitats and conditions in Malaysia such as tropical rainforest (Barlow & Woiwod, 1989; Schulze & Fiedler, 1997), lowland tropical rainforest (Robinson & Tuck, 1993; Intachat & Holloway, 2000), hill dipterocarp forest (Abang & Karim, 2005), peat swamp forest (Abang & Karim, 1999) and plantation area (Chey, 1994) elucidated that the diversity values differed due to the difference in altitudes, vegetation types and status of the forests. The sites of the mixed dipterocarp forest, mostly gave quite low values in diversity (Holloway, 1984). One of the factors that have been considered as contributing to the lower moth diversity in the lowland areas is the predominance of dipterocarps, which are known to have a high content of alkaloids (defence against insects) in their foliage (Holloway, 1984). The study on the zonation in the Lepidoptera of northern Sulawesi found that the peak of diversity occurred between 600m to 1000m (Holloway, et al., 1990). nother study on moth diversity from a secondary hill

2. Methods and Materials

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dipterocarp forest at the altitude of 600m in Genting Sempah, Pahang by Barlow & Woiwood (1989) also produced a comparatively high moth diversity value.

The knowledge on the macromoth species diversity and distribution within rainforest in Peninsular Malaysia is still rather inadequately known. To date, no attempt was made for macromoth studies in Kelantan, particularly in Jeli district. Jeli (longitude: 5.7333 and latitude: 101.8) is 90 kilometer from Kota Bharu town, Kelantan, which is mainly vegetated by lowland and hill dipterocarp forests, surrounded by agricultural plantation and infrastructure development.

There are many threats such as environment destruction, deforestation, pollution and depletion of natural resources for locals with its greatest challenges lie between striking a balance between development and conservation. It becomes more crucial to document the diversity of moths in the vicinity. The primary aim of this study was to survey the macromoths species of Jeli and in particular to prepare a preliminary checklist of macromoths species of Jeli. A macromoths preliminary survey was conducted in Jeli district (longitude: 5.7333 and latitude: 101.8) of Kelantan, Malaysia. A total of 648 traps nights were achieved to document the macro moths diversity from 18 September 2013 to 31 October 2013, samples were collected by using two modified Pennsylvanian light traps. These light traps were set up at three different sampling sites in Jeli district namely Gunung Stong Tengah State Park (N 05°20.362'', E 101°58.521''), Jeli Permanent Forest Reserve (N 05°44.744'', E101°51.893'') and Gemang (N 05°44.727" E101°51.944"). Light trapping were operated from 1900 to 0700 hours, the trapped macro moths were collected the following morning. The collected macromoths were extracted, pinned, labelled, sorted and followed by identification to species level. Species identification and the nomenclature used, follows Barlow (1982) and Holloway (1983, 1985, 1988, 1989, 1993, 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999). The collected specimens were deposited at Universiti Malaysia Kelantan Jeli Campus Insectarium.

3. Results and Discussion

Table 1: A checklist of macromoths of Jeli and their distribution in three sampling sites namely Gunung Stong Tengah State Park (GST)*, Jeli Permanent Forest Reserve (JPFR)* and Gemang (G)*.

Family	Species	Sampling site *
Cossidae Limacodidae	Xyleutes anceps Snellen Xyleutes ceramica Walker Xyleutes persona le Guillou Xyleutes strix Linnaeus Scopelodes albipalpis Hering Scopelodes pallivittata Snellen	JPFR JPFR G GST,JPFR,G JPFR JPFR
Lasiocampidae	Paralebeda lucifuga Swinhoe Paralebeda uniformis Holloway Suana sundana Walker Kunugia basimacula Walker Kunugia rectifascia Holloway Arguda rectilinea Hampson Trabala irrorata Moore Trabala krishna Roepke Trabala viridana Joicey & Talbot Trabala ganesha Roepke Micropacha roepkei Holloway Euthrix laeta Walker	JPFR, G G JPFR JPFR,G G G GST,JPFR,G GST,JPFR,G JPFR,G JPFR,G
Eupterotidae	<i>Eupterote muluana</i> sp.n. <i>Eupterote multiarcuata</i> Holloway <i>Eupterote asclepiades</i> Felder comb.n.	G GST,JPFR GST,JPFR,G
Saturniidae		GST,G GST,JPFR,G GST,JPFR JPFR G

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	Amplypterus panopus Cramer	G
	Ambulyx clavata Jordan	G
	Ambulyx pryeri Distant	JPFR,G
	Ambulyx subocellata Felder	JPFR,G
	Ambulyx substrigilis Westwood	G
	Ambulyx tattina Jordan	G
	Clanis stenosema Rothschild & Jordan	G
	Marumba sperchius Menetries	GST_JPFR_G
	Marumba juvencus Rothschild & Jordan	G
	Daphnusa ocellaris Walker	GST.JPFR.G
	Callambulyx rubricosa Walker	GST.JPFR.G
Sphingidae	Elibia dolichus Westwood	GST.JPFR.G
Spinigiano	Acosmervy anceus Stoll	G
	Acosmeryx shervillii Boisduval sp.rev.	GST_JPFR
	Panacra dohertvi Rothschild	G
	Enningnog vigens Butler stat rev	G
	Enpinanga bornansis Butler	G
	Macroalossum aquila Boisduval	G
	Theretra hoisdwali Bugnion	IDED
	Theretra elethe Drury	IDED CST
	Thereira Latraillei Mool ooy	IDED C
	Therefra faireffiel MacLeay	JPFK,G
	Thereira sinelensis Walker	JPFK,G
	Rhyncholaba acteus Cramer	G
	<i>Rhagastic rubetra</i> Rothschild & Jordan	G
	Cechenena helops walker	G
	Tarsolepis sommeri Hubner	G
	Dudusa vethi Snellen stat.rev.	G
	Gangarides rosea Walker	JPFR.G
Notodontidae	Phalera grotei Moore	JPFR.G
11010401111440	Netria viridescens Walker	JPFR
	Somera viridifusca Walker	IPFR
	Calvptronotum singapura Gaede	G
		C
	Lymantria brunneiplaga Swinhoe	GST,G
	Lymantria singapura Swinhoe	GST,JPFR
Lymantriidae	Imaus munda Walker	JPFR
	Calliteara horsfieldii Saunders	G
	Calliteara cerigoides Walker	G
	Calliteara diplozona Collenette	G
	Arna erema Collenette	JPFR
	Orvasca subnotata Walker comb.rev.	G
	Nygmia semifumosa Holloway	JPFR
	Nygmia guttulata Snellen comb.n.	JPFR,G
	<i>Toxoproctis bifurcate</i> van Eecke comb.n.	JPFR,G
	Carriola ecnomoda Swinhoe	JPFR
	Amata egenaria Walker	JPFR
	Amata dilatata Snellen	JPFR
	Caeneressa robusta Hollowav comb.n.	JPFR
	<i>Caeneressa annosa</i> Walker comb.n.	JPFR
	Syntomoides imaon Cramer comb.rev.	JPFR
	Auriculocervx pterodactvliformis Holloway	JPFR

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Arctiidae	Spilosoma groganae Holloway Spilosoma griseabrunnea Holloway stat.n. Creatonotos transiens Walker Cyana perornata Walker Cyana conclusa Walker Barsine lucibilis Swinhoe comb. rev. Barsine roseororatus Butler comb.n. Barsine euprepioides Walker comb.n. Barsine pallinflexa sp.n.	G GST,JPSR,G JPFR,G JPFR JPFR G JPFR,GST,G G
	Lyssa zampa Butler	GST,JPFR,G
Uraniidae	Urapteroides astheniata Guenée	G G
	Celerena signata Warren	JPFR,G
	Dysphania malayanus Guerin-Meneville	GST,JPFR
	Pingasa rubimontana Holloway & Sommever	JPFR
	Tanaorhinus rafflesii Moore	JPFR
	Tanaorhinus viridiluteata Walker	G
	Agathia obsolete Warren	G
	Agathia succedanea Warren	JPFR
	Spaniocentra megaspilaria Guenee	G
	Ornithospila sundaensis Holloway	G
	Aporandria specularia Guenee	JPFR,G
Geometridae	Zythos turbata Walker	JPFR
	Hypochrosis binexata Walker	JPFR.G
	Omiza lycoraria Guenee	JPFR,G
	Plutodes cyclaria Guenee	JPFR
	Plutodes malavsiana Holloway	JPFR
	Xvlinophylla hypocausta Warren	JPFR
	Zamarada denticulate Fletcher	JPFR
	Godonela nora Walker	JPFR
	Bracca georgiata Guènee	GST.JPFR.G
	<i>Chorodna complicataria</i> Walker	JPFR
	Amblychia inforeata Prout	IPFR
	Riston nustulata Warren	GST IPFR
	Biston insularis Warren	IPFR G
	Amraica solivagaria Walker	IPFR
	Julotrichia decursaria Walker	IPFR
	Cleora determinate Sato	IPFR
	Ophthalmitis rufilauta Prout	IPFR
	Hypomecis sommereri Prout	IPFR G
	Hypomeets sommeren Hout	51110,0
	Peridrome orbicularis Walker	JPFR
	Neochera marmoreal Walker	G
	Neochera inops Walker	JPFR
	Asota heliconia Linnaeus	GST,JPFR
	Asota plana Walker	JPFR
	Asota egens Walker	JPFR
	Asota caricae Fabricius	G
	Asota producta Butler	JPFR
	Dipterygina dorsipallens Holloway	G

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	Spodoptera litura Fabricius	G
	Mimeusemia postica Walker	G
	Artena dotata Fabricius	JPFR,G
Noctuidae	Artena rubida Walker	JPFR
	Bastilla circumsignata Guènee comb.n.	JPFR,G
	Bastilla crameri Moore	GST,JPFR,G
	Bastilla fulvotaenis Guenee	G
	Bastilla joviana Stoll	G
	Chalciope mygdon Cramer	G
	Ophiusa trapezium Guenee	JPFR,G
	Ercheia cyllaria Cramer	JPFR,G
	Erebus hieroglyphica Drury	G
	Avatha heterographa Hampson comb.n.	G
	Ommatophora luminosa Cramer	JPFR,G
	Hulodes caranea Cramer	JPFR,G
	Tinolius sundensis Hampson	JPFR
	Anisoneura aluco Fabricius	G
	Anisoneura salebrosa Guenee	JPFR,G
	Ischyja subreducta sp.n.	G
	Ischyja hemiphaea Hampson	G
	Ischyja marapok sp.n.	JPFR
	Ischyja paraplesius Rothschild	JPFR
	Platyja sumatrana Felder	G
	Platyja umbrina Doubleday comb.n.	JPFR
	Erebus hieroglyphica Drury	JPFR
	Ugia disjungens Walker	JPFR
	Eudocima homaena Hubner	JPFR
	Eudocima phalonia Linnaeus	GST,G
	Eudocima salaminia Cramer	GST,G
	Chilkasa falcate Swinhoe	G
	Poliofoca gebenna Swinhoe	G
	Lopharthrum comprimens Walker	G
	Rema costimacula Guènee	JPFR
	Episparis costistriga Walker	JPFR,G
	Episparis experimens Walker	JPFR,G
	Gespanna pectoralis Walker comb.rev.	JPFR

Table 1 presents the preliminary checklist of the macromoths collected from three sampling sites in Jeli district namely Gunung Stong Tengah State Park, Jeli Permanent Forest Reserve and Gemang. A total number of 673 individuals of macromoths comprising of 161 species from 12 families were collected from the light traps sampling.

Among the 12 families encountered, two major families of macromoths namely Noctuidae and Geometridae represent the most diverse families with 28 and 44 species respectively. Overall, the four least diverse families were Limacodidae, Europtidae, Uraniidae and Saturniidae with 2,3,3 and 5 species encountered.

Gemang was found to document a high diversity of the macromoths in Jeli followed by Jeli Permanent Forest Reserve and Gunung Stong Tengah State Park. Most of the species collected were lowland macroheterocerous moths.

However, if sampling in Gunung Stong Tengah and Jeli Permanent Forest Reserve was conducted at higher altitudes and over a much longer period, the species diversity would be much higher.

4. Conclusion

A preliminary checklist of the macroths of Jeli indicate that Jeli is characterized by the large proportion of Noctuidae and Geometridae which are among the most dominant and diverse families of macroheterocerous moths in Peninsular Malaysia.

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